

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For
BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE SWANSEA TOWN HALL COMMUNITY CENTRE
For the year ended
DECEMBER 31, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Council of the Corporation of the

CITY OF TORONTO AND THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE SWANSEA TOWN HALL COMMUNITY CENTRE

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Board of Management for the Swansea Town Hall Community Centre (the Centre), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2018, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matters described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Centre as at December 31, 2018 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the Centre derives revenue from donations and fundraising activities, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Centre. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to donations and fundraising revenue, excess of revenue over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, current assets as at December 31, 2018 and 2017, and net assets as at January 1 and December 31 for both the 2018 and 2017 years. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

Note 2 to the financial statements explains the Centre's policy for accounting for capital assets. The note indicates that capital assets are expensed as acquired rather than being recognized as a capital asset upon acquisition. This presentation is permitted only if the average annual revenues recognized in the statement of operations for the current and preceding period is less than \$500,000. In this respect the financial statements are not in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations. Our audit opinion for the year ended December 31, 2018 was modified accordingly for this departure from accounting standards.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Centre in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Centre's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Centre or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Centre's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Centre's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Centre's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Centre to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants

Toronto, Ontario
April 8, 2019.

Welch LLP[®]

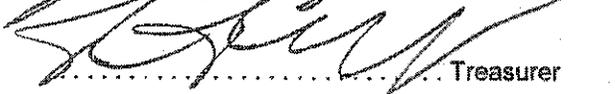
BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE SWANSEA TOWN HALL COMMUNITY CENTRE

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2018

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 45,517	\$ 170,129
Investments (note 3)	121,389	-
Accounts receivable	1,286	3,063
Inventories	303	337
Prepaid expenses	<u>1,304</u>	<u>1,329</u>
	169,799	174,858
DUE FROM CITY OF TORONTO (note 4)	<u>109,120</u>	<u>110,392</u>
	<u>\$ 278,919</u>	<u>\$ 285,250</u>
<u>LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS</u>		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Due to City of Toronto (note 5)	\$ 28,891	\$ 28,618
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	91,396	73,187
Deferred contributions (note 6)	<u>-</u>	<u>25,897</u>
	120,287	127,702
POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PAYABLE (note 4)	<u>109,120</u>	<u>110,392</u>
	<u>229,407</u>	<u>238,094</u>
NET ASSETS		
Unrestricted	-	-
Internally restricted - program development reserve (note 7)	<u>49,512</u>	<u>47,156</u>
	<u>49,512</u>	<u>47,156</u>
	<u>\$ 278,919</u>	<u>\$ 285,250</u>

Approved by the Board:

 Chair
 Treasurer

(See accompanying notes)

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE SWANSEA TOWN HALL COMMUNITY CENTRE

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Internally Restricted - Program Development Reserve <u> </u> (note 7)	<u>Unrestricted</u>	<u>Total 2018</u>	<u>Total 2017</u>
Net assets, beginning of year	\$ 47,156	\$ -	\$ 47,156	\$ 45,321
Net revenue over expenses	-	2,356	2,356	1,835
Interfund transfer	<u>2,356</u>	<u>(2,356)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$ 49,512</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 49,512</u>	<u>\$ 47,156</u>

(See accompanying notes)

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE SWANSEA TOWN HALL COMMUNITY CENTRE

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	<u>Program</u>	<u>Administration</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Revenue				
Funds provided by the City of Toronto (note 6)	\$ -	\$ 310,542	\$ 310,542	\$ 312,356
Rental	-	329,305	329,305	314,518
Photocopier	-	908	908	1,534
Donations and fundraising	3,662	-	3,662	735
Other income	<u>5,602</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,602</u>	<u>6,095</u>
	<u>9,264</u>	<u>640,755</u>	<u>650,019</u>	<u>635,238</u>
Expenses				
Salaries and wages	3,267	348,844	352,111	333,700
Employee benefits	164	78,783	78,947	82,314
Materials and supplies	-	55,503	55,503	50,054
Purchased services	-	157,625	157,625	164,471
Other	<u>3,477</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,477</u>	<u>2,864</u>
	<u>6,908</u>	<u>640,755</u>	<u>647,663</u>	<u>633,403</u>
Net revenue over expenses	<u>\$ 2,356</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,356</u>	<u>\$ 1,835</u>

(See accompanying notes)

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE SWANSEA TOWN HALL COMMUNITY CENTRE

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net revenue over expenses	\$ 2,356	\$ 1,835
Increase (decrease) resulting from changes in:		
Accounts receivable	1,777	176
Inventories	34	312
Prepaid expenses	25	(1,329)
Long-term amount due from City of Toronto	1,272	(1,879)
Due to City of Toronto	273	1,082
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	18,209	11,426
Deferred contributions	(25,897)	25,897
Post-employment benefits payable	<u>(1,272)</u>	<u>1,879</u>
	<u>(3,223)</u>	<u>39,399</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of investments	<u>(121,389)</u>	<u>-</u>
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(124,612)	39,399
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>170,129</u>	<u>130,730</u>
CASH, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 45,517</u>	<u>\$ 170,129</u>

(See accompanying notes)

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE SWANSEA TOWN HALL COMMUNITY CENTRE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The City of Toronto Act, 1997 continued the provisions of By-law No. 1995 - 0448 dated June 26, 1995 to reflect Chapter 25, Community and Recreation Centres of the Corporation of the City of Toronto Municipal Code. Chapter 25 amended all previous by-laws and established part of the premises at 95 Lavinia Avenue, as a community recreation centre under the authority of the Municipal Act, known as Swansea Town Hall Community Centre (the "Centre"). The Centre is a not-for-profit organization and, as such, is exempt from income tax.

The Municipal Code provides for a Council appointed Board which, among other matters, shall:

(a) endeavour to manage and control the premises in a reasonable and efficient manner, in accordance with standard good business practices, and

(b) pay to the City of Toronto (the "City") any excess of administration expenditure funds provided by the City in accordance with its approved annual budget, but may retain any surplus from program activities.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations ("PSA-GNPO") as issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB).

Revenue recognition

The Centre follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Restricted contributions are deferred and recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized and recorded as part of deferred contributions on the statement of financial position.

Rental and similar revenues are recognized as the services are provided. Amounts received in advance of services being provided are classified as deferred revenue on the statement of financial position.

Financial instruments

The Centre initially records its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value.

The Centre subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, accounts receivables, investments, and due from City of Toronto. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, due to City of Toronto, and post-employment benefits payable.

Contributed material and services

Because of the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed materials and services are not recognized in the financial statements. Monetary donations and bequests are recorded as received.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE SWANSEA TOWN HALL COMMUNITY CENTRE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Cont'd.

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Cont'd.

Capital assets

Major capital expenditures are financed by the City of Toronto, which owns the facility, and are not reported in these financial statements. Section PS 4230, capital assets held by not-for-profit organizations, allows small organizations, with average annual revenues recognized in the statement of operations for the current and preceding period of less than \$500,000, to expense capital assets on acquisition. As noted in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the Centre exceeded the revenue threshold in 2018 and continued to apply this policy. During 2018, capital assets expensed totaled \$57,833 (2017 - \$71,676) and are included in purchased services.

Employee related costs

The Centre has adopted the following policies with respect to employee benefit plans:

- (a) The City of Toronto offers a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan to the Centre's employees. Due to the nature of the Plan, the Centre does not have sufficient information to account for the Plan as a defined benefit plan; therefore, the multi-employer defined benefit pension plan is accounted for in the same manner as a defined contribution plan. An expense is recorded in the period in which contributions are made.
- (b) The Centre also offers its employees a defined benefit sick leave plan, a post-retirement life, health and dental plan, a long-term disability plan and continuation of health, dental and life insurance benefits to disabled employees. The accrued benefit obligations are determined using an actuarial valuation based on the projected benefit method prorated on service, incorporating management's best estimate of future salary levels, inflation, sick day usage estimates, ages of employees and other actuarial factors.

Net actuarial gains and losses that arise are amortized over the expected average remaining service life of the employee group.

The Centre recognizes an accrued benefit liability on the statement of financial position, which is the net of the amount of the accrued benefit obligations and the unamortized actuarial gains / losses.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with PSA-GNPO requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management makes accounting estimates when determining significant accrued liabilities, the post-employment benefits liabilities and the related costs charged to the statement of operations. Actual results could differ from those estimates, the impact of which would be recorded in future periods.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected.

3. INVESTMENTS

Investments consist of a guaranteed investment certificate maturing July 1, 2019 and earning a fixed interest rate of 2.10%

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE SWANSEA TOWN HALL COMMUNITY CENTRE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Cont'd.

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

4. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PAYABLE AND LONG-TERM ACCOUNT RECEIVABLE

The Centre participates in a number of defined benefit plans provided by the City including pension, other retirement and post-employment benefits to its employees. Under the sick leave plan for management staff with ten years of service as of April 1, 2003, unused sick leave accumulated until March 1, 2008 and eligible employees may be entitled to a cash payment upon leaving the Centre's employment. The liability for these accumulated days represents the extent to which they have vested and could be taken in cash by the employee upon termination, retirement or death. This sick bank plan was replaced by a Short-Term Disability Plan (STD) effective March 1, 2008, for all non-union employees of the City of Toronto. Upon the effective date, individual sick banks were locked with no further accumulation. Grandfathered management staff remains entitled to payout of frozen, banked time, as described above. Under the new STD, management employees are entitled to 130 days annual coverage with salary protection at 100 or 75 percent, depending upon years of service. Non-management employees continue to receive sick bank time as stipulated in the applicable Collective Agreement, which specifies no financial conversion of unused sick leave.

The Centre also provides health, dental, life insurance, accidental death and long-term disability benefits to eligible employees. Depending upon the length of service and an individual's election, management retirees are covered either by the former City of Toronto retirement benefit plan or by the current retirement benefit plan.

Due to the complexities in valuing the benefit plans, actuarial valuations are conducted on a periodic basis. The most recent actuarial valuation was completed as at December 31, 2015 with projections to December 31, 2016, 2017 and 2018. Assumptions used to project the accrued benefit obligation were as follows:

- long-term inflation rate - 2.0%
- assumed health care cost trends - range from 3.0% to 5.5%
- rate of compensation increase - 3.0% to 3.5%
- discount rates - post-retirement 3.4%, post-employment 3.1%, sick leave 3.2%

Information about the Centre's employment benefits, other than the multi-employer, defined benefit pension plan noted below, is as follows:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Post-retirement benefits	\$ 54,837	\$ 61,321
Sick leave benefits	<u>46,785</u>	<u>44,560</u>
	101,622	105,881
Add: Unamortized actuarial gain	<u>7,498</u>	<u>4,511</u>
Post-employment benefit liability	<u>\$ 109,120</u>	<u>\$ 110,392</u>

The continuity of the accrued benefit obligation is as follows:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 110,392	\$ 108,513
Current service cost	3,492	3,223
Interest cost	3,375	3,286
Plan amendment	466	(452)
Amortization of actuarial gain	(6,248)	(2,236)
Expected benefits paid	<u>(2,357)</u>	<u>(1,942)</u>
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 109,120</u>	<u>\$ 110,392</u>

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE SWANSEA TOWN HALL COMMUNITY CENTRE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Cont'd.

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

4. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PAYABLE AND LONG-TERM ACCOUNT RECEIVABLE - Cont'd.

A long-term receivable of \$109,120 (2017 - \$110,392) has resulted from the recording of sick leave and post-retirement benefits. Funding for these costs continues to be provided by the City as benefit costs are paid and the City continues to be responsible for the benefit liabilities of administration staff that may be incurred by the Centre.

The Centre also makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System (OMERS), which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of most of its employees. The Plan is a defined benefit plan, which specifies the amount of retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay. Employer contributions to this pension plan amounted to \$28,429 in 2018 (2017 - \$27,861).

The most recent actuarial valuation of the OMERS plan as at December 31, 2018 indicates the Plan is in a surplus position and the Plan's December 31, 2018 financial statements indicate a net deficit of \$2.79 billion (a deficit of \$4.191 billion netted against unrecognized investment returns of \$1.401 billion that will be recognized over the next four years). The Plan's management is monitoring the adequacy of the contributions to ensure that future contributions together with the Plan assets and future investment earnings will be sufficient to provide for all future benefits. At this time, the Centre's contributions accounted for 0.0014% of the Plan's total employer contributions. Additional contributions, if any, required to address the Centre's proportionate share of the deficit will be expensed during the period incurred.

5. FUNDS PROVIDED BY THE CITY OF TORONTO - ADMINISTRATION

Funding for administration expenses is provided by the City according to Council approved budgets. Surplus amounts in administration are payable to the City. Deficits, excluding those accruals for long-term employee benefits, are funded by the Centre unless Council approval has been obtained for additional funding.

	2018 Budget (unaudited)	Actual 2018	Actual 2017
Administration expenses:			
Salaries and wages	\$ 367,021	\$ 348,844	\$ 331,655
Employee benefits	98,776	78,783	82,228
Materials and supplies	63,665	55,503	50,054
Purchased services	<u>47,250</u>	<u>157,625</u>	<u>164,471</u>
	576,712	<u>\$ 640,755</u>	<u>\$ 628,408</u>
Less: budgeted rental and sundry revenue	<u>(263,297)</u>		
Administration budget	<u>\$ 313,415</u>		
Centre's administration revenue:			
Administration budget		\$ 313,415	\$ 310,767
Plus: rental and sundry revenue		<u>330,213</u>	<u>316,052</u>
		<u>643,628</u>	<u>626,819</u>
Centre's actual administration expense:			
Administration expenses		640,755	628,408
Adjustments for non-cash items:			
Post-employment benefits, not funded by the City until paid, that are included in long term amount due from - City of Toronto		1,272	(1,879)
Insurance adjustment		<u>(61)</u>	<u>61</u>
		<u>641,966</u>	<u>626,590</u>
Administration expenses under approved budget		<u>\$ 1,662</u>	<u>\$ 229</u>

The under-expenditure of \$1,662 (2017 - \$229) is included in Due to City of Toronto.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE SWANSEA TOWN HALL COMMUNITY CENTRE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Cont'd.

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

6. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 25,897	\$ -
Add: contributions received	284,645	336,374
Less: revenue recognized	<u>(310,542)</u>	<u>(310,477)</u>
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 25,897</u>

7. INTERNALLY RESTRICTED - PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT RESERVE

The Board of Management created the Program Development Reserve in September 2010 with funds earmarked for program development. In 2018, the net revenue over expenses from programming of \$2,356 (2017 - \$1,835) was transferred to the Program Development Reserve.

8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Centre is exposed to and manages various financial risks resulting from operations. Transactions in financial instruments may result in an entity assuming or transferring to another party one or more of the financial risks described below. The Centre's main financial risk exposures and its financial risk management policies are as follows:

Credit risk

The Centre is exposed to credit risk resulting from the possibility that parties may default on their financial obligations. The Centre's maximum exposure to credit risk represents the sum of the carrying value of its cash and accounts receivable. The Centre's cash is deposited with Canadian chartered banks and as a result management believes the risk of loss on this item to be remote. Management believes that the Centre's credit risk with respect to accounts receivable is limited. The Centre manages its credit risk by reviewing accounts receivable aging and following up on outstanding amounts.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Centre cannot meet a demand for cash or fund obligations as they become due. The Centre's financial liabilities are comprised of accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The Centre manages liquidity risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements on a regular basis. The Centre believes its overall liquidity risk to be minimal as the Centre's financial assets are considered to be highly liquid.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk is comprised of currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

i) Currency risk

Currency risk refers to the risk that the fair value of instruments or future cash flows associated with the instruments will fluctuate relative to the Canadian dollar due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Centre's financial instruments are all denominated in Canadian dollars and the Centre transacts primarily in Canadian dollars. As a result, management does not believe it is exposed to significant currency risk.

8. **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** - Cont'd.

Market risk - Cont'd.

ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Centre's cash earns interest at prevailing market rates. Management believes the interest rate exposure related to this financial instrument is negligible.

iii) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows associated with financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from currency risk or interest rate risk), whether these changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all similar instruments traded in the market. Management does not believe the Centre is exposed to significant other price risk.

Changes in risk

There have been no significant changes in the Centre's risk exposures from the prior year.

9. **COMPARATIVE FIGURES**

Comparative figures have been reclassified where necessary to conform to the presentation adopted in the current year.